



Requirement-driven Model-based Testing of the cFS' Software Bus Service

Dharma Ganesan, Mikael Lindvall, Asa Valdimarsdottir,
Stefan Hafsteinsson

In collaboration with the cFS team:
Susanne Strege, Walter Moleski, and Dave McComas,
and Alan Cudmore

Agenda

- ▶ Context
- ▶ Motivation
 - ▶ System Under Test (SUT)
 - ▶ Challenges with traditional testing
- ▶ Model-based testing (MBT)
- ▶ Model-based testing applied on Software Bus
- ▶ Sample Issues detected
- ▶ Conclusion
- ▶ Possible future work

Context

- ▶ The SARP project
 - ▶ Software Assurance Research Program



“An Assurance Approach to Identify, Test
and Cover Off-nominal Behavior”

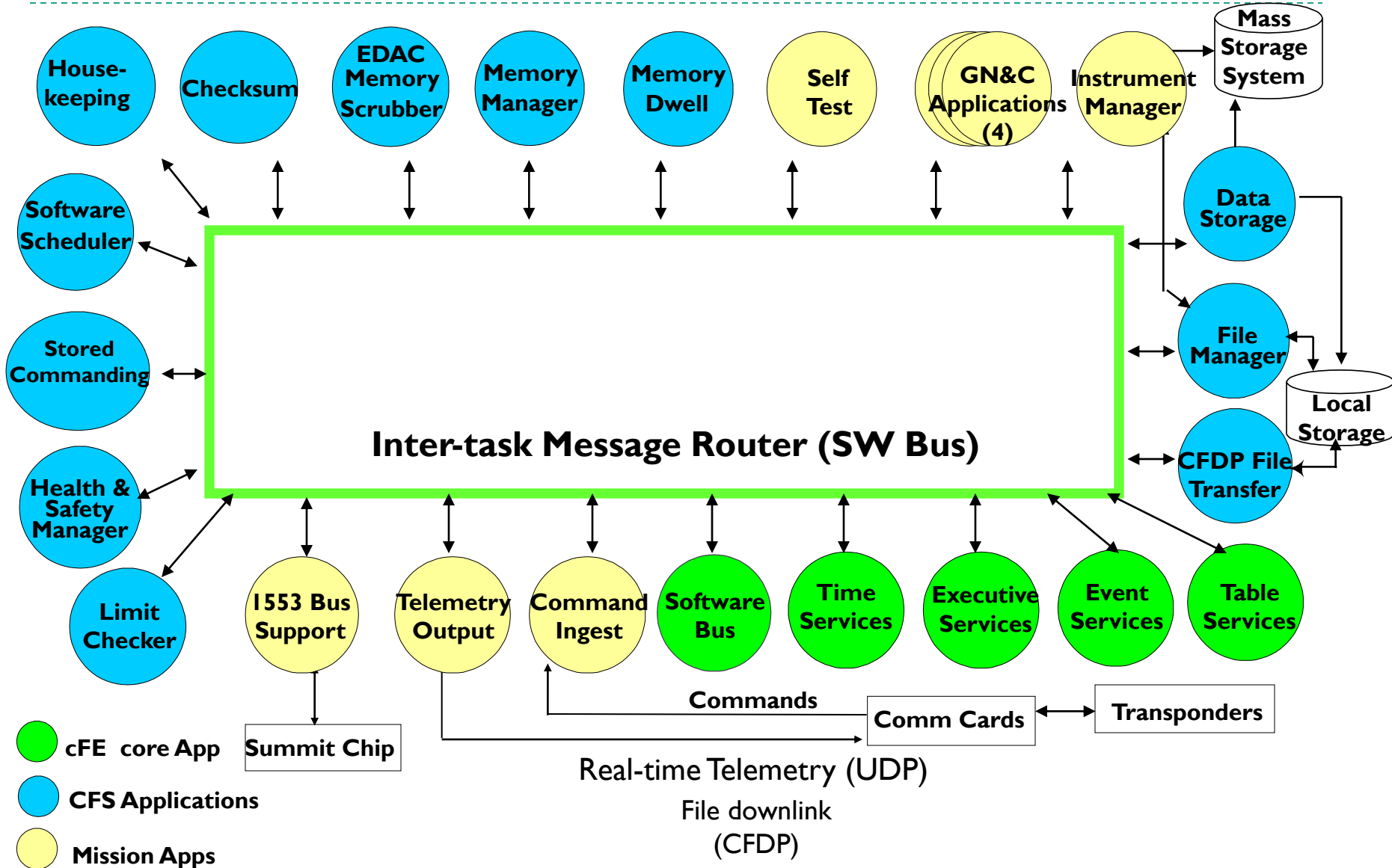
- ▶ Off-nominal behavior
 - ▶ Unexpected sequences of events
 - ▶ Out-of-range data values
 - ▶ Environment issues

Motivation

- ▶ Testing is always important
- ▶ Even more important when
 - ▶ Safety is critical
 - ▶ Failures are expensive



cFE/cFS Context Diagram



Challenges with traditional testing

- ▶ Why do we need more testing?
- ▶ Previous testing
 - ▶ Unit tests
 - ▶ Good coverage
 - ▶ Only test execution is automated
 - ▶ Test cases are manually constructed
 - ▶ Tests are too low-level detailed
 - ▶ Not testing multi-tasking nor communication between tasks

Solution

- ▶ Model-based Testing (MBT)
 - ▶ Relatively new technology
 - ▶ Black box approach
 - ▶ A model that describes desired behavior of the SUT
 - ▶ Automatic generation of innumerable test cases
 - ▶ Triggers off-nominal behaviors

Model-based Testing (MBT)

- ▶ The tester develops a model
 - ▶ Instead of writing test cases
 - ▶ Based on functional requirements and API documentation
 - ▶ In our case: A model program
 - ▶ Rules describe the SUT's desired behaviors
 - ▶ Becomes the “*test oracle*”

MBT applied on the cFS' Software Bus

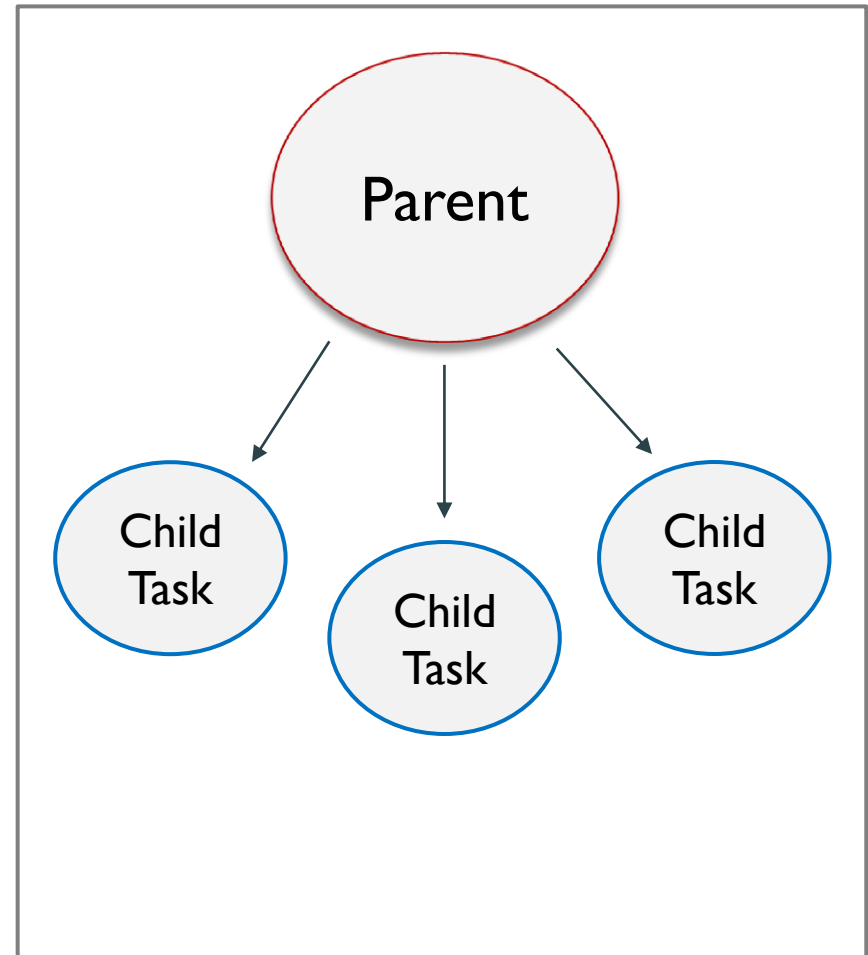
- ▶ **Software Bus Service**
 - ▶ Handles communication between tasks/applications
 - ▶ Publish-Subscribe architectural style
 - ▶ Main features
 - ▶ Pipes
 - Create, Delete, Subscribe through, Receive from
 - ▶ Messages
 - Send, Receive
 - ▶ Subscriptions
 - Subscribe, Unsubscribe

Challenges of testing a SB

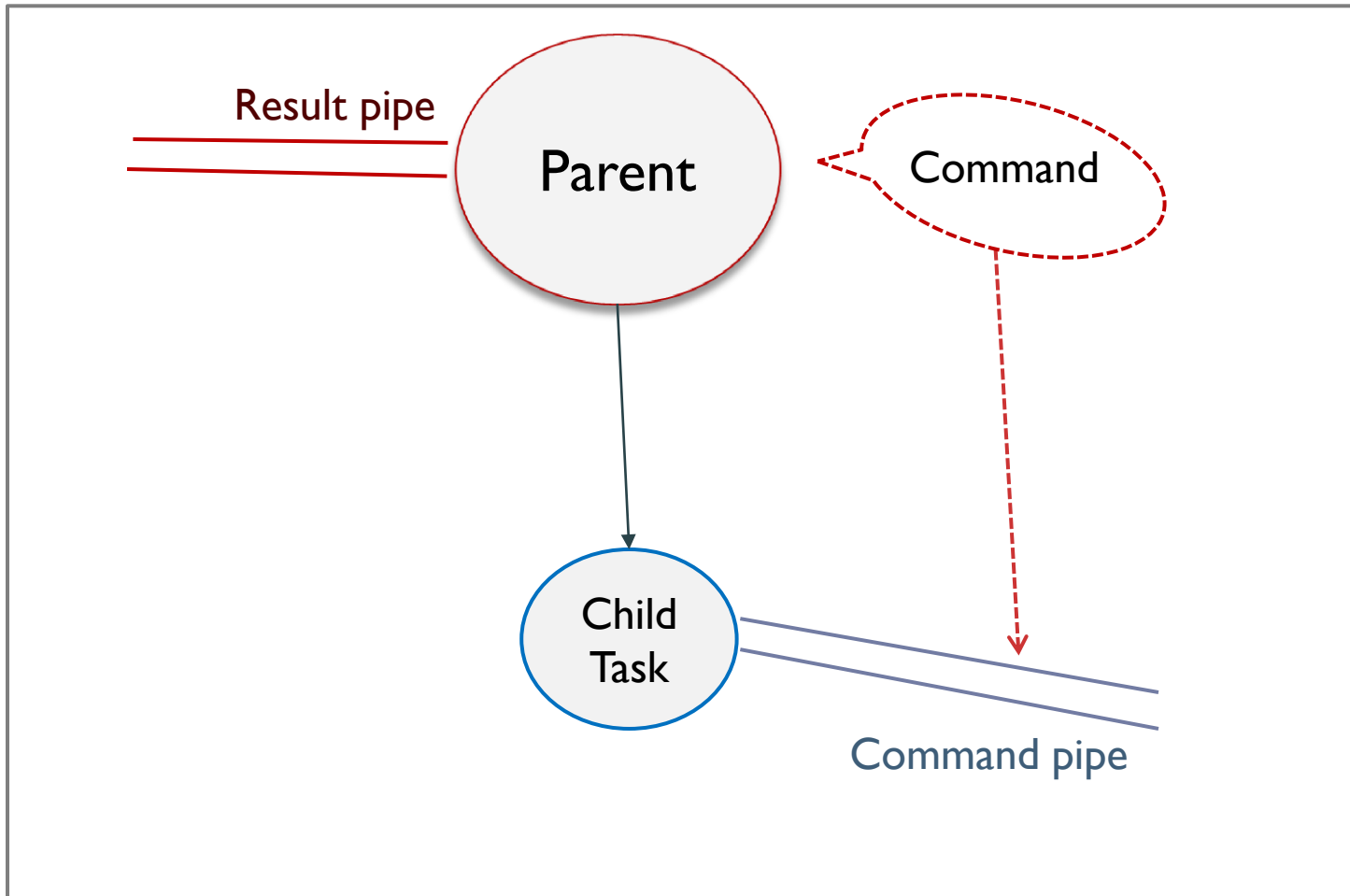
- ▶ Multi-tasking
- ▶ Communication between tasks/applications
- ▶ Need more than one task/application
- ▶ An application can not decide on the correctness of it's own execution
- ▶ Need an architecture for coordination
 - ▶ Overview
 - ▶ Control

Solution – The Parent Child Architecture

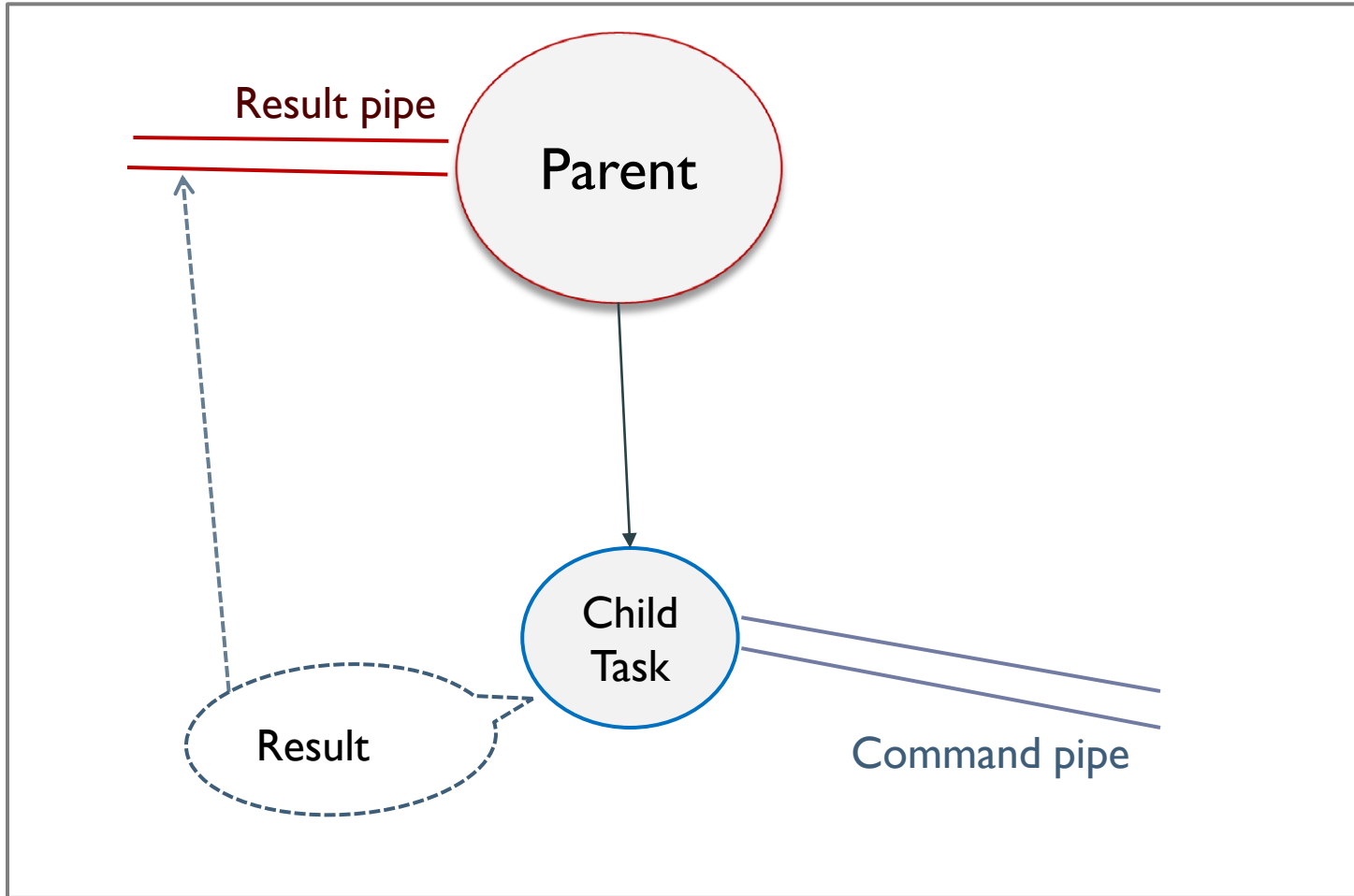
- ▶ Each test case acts as a **Parent Application**
 - ▶ Generated by our model
- ▶ The Parent spans multiple **Child Tasks**
 - ▶ The Parent sends commands to it's Child Tasks
 - ▶ The Parent “*knows*” which behaviors should succeed and which should fail



Solution – The Parent Child Architecture



Solution – The Parent Child Architecture



Example: Command sequence

- ▶ How to test whether publish works between two tasks?
- ▶ Our test case generates a sequence as below
- ▶ Parent send a sequence of commands:
 - ▶ Parent: “Child no. 1 create a pipe“
 - ▶ Child 1 creates a pipe and sends the return code to the parent
 - ▶ Parent: “Child no. 1 subscribe to message nr 5“
 - ▶ Child 1 subscribes to message nr 5 and sends the return code
 - ▶ Parent: “Child 2 publish message nr 5“
 - ▶ Child 2 publishes message nr 5 and sends the return code
 - ▶ Parent: “Child 1 receive message nr 5”
 - ▶ Child 1 receives message nr 5 and sends the return code

Our model

- ▶ **Spec Explorer**
 - ▶ A plug-in to Visual Studio
 - ▶ Tester develops a *model program*
 - ▶ Written in C#
 - ▶ **Simplified and abstract** version of the SUT
 - ▶ **Simple** structures and data types
 - ▶ Messages modeled as integers
 - ▶ Pipes modeled as a set of integers
 - ▶ No complex structures, threads, pointers or semaphores

Model Program (Sample)

▶ Model

```
[Rule]
public static void CreatePipe(int taskName, [Domain("PipeNameDomain")] int pipeName,
    [Domain("PipeDepthDomain")]int pipeDepth, bool result)
{
    bool guardStatus = CanCreatePipe(taskName, pipeName, pipeDepth);
    Condition.IsTrue(guardStatus == result);
    if (guardStatus)
    {
        AddPipe(taskName, pipeName, pipeDepth);
        Requirement.Capture("cSB4301");
    }
}
```

- ▶ We capture requirement numbers in our model
 - ▶ Helps in detecting missing requirements
 - ▶ Will be used for establishing traceability links

Our model

```
#region Rule Methods
[Rule]
public static void InitTask([Domain("TaskNameDomain")] int taskName, bool result)...
```

```
[Rule]
public static void DeleteTask([Domain("TaskNameDomain")] int taskName, bool result)...
```

```
[Rule]
public static void CreatePipe(int taskName, [Domain("PipeNameDomain")] int pipeName,
    [Domain("PipeDepthDomain")]int pipeDepth, bool result)...
```

```
[Rule]
public static void DeletePipe(int taskName, [Domain("PipeNameDomain")] int pipeName, bool result)...
```

```
[Rule]
public static void Subscribe([Domain("TaskNameDomain")]int taskName, [Domain("MsgIdDomain")]int msgId,
    [Domain("PipeNameDomain")]int pipeName, bool result)...
```

```
[Rule]
public static void UnSubscribe([Domain("TaskNameDomain")]int taskName, [Domain("MsgIdDomain")]int msgId,
    [Domain("PipeNameDomain")]int pipeName, bool result)...
```

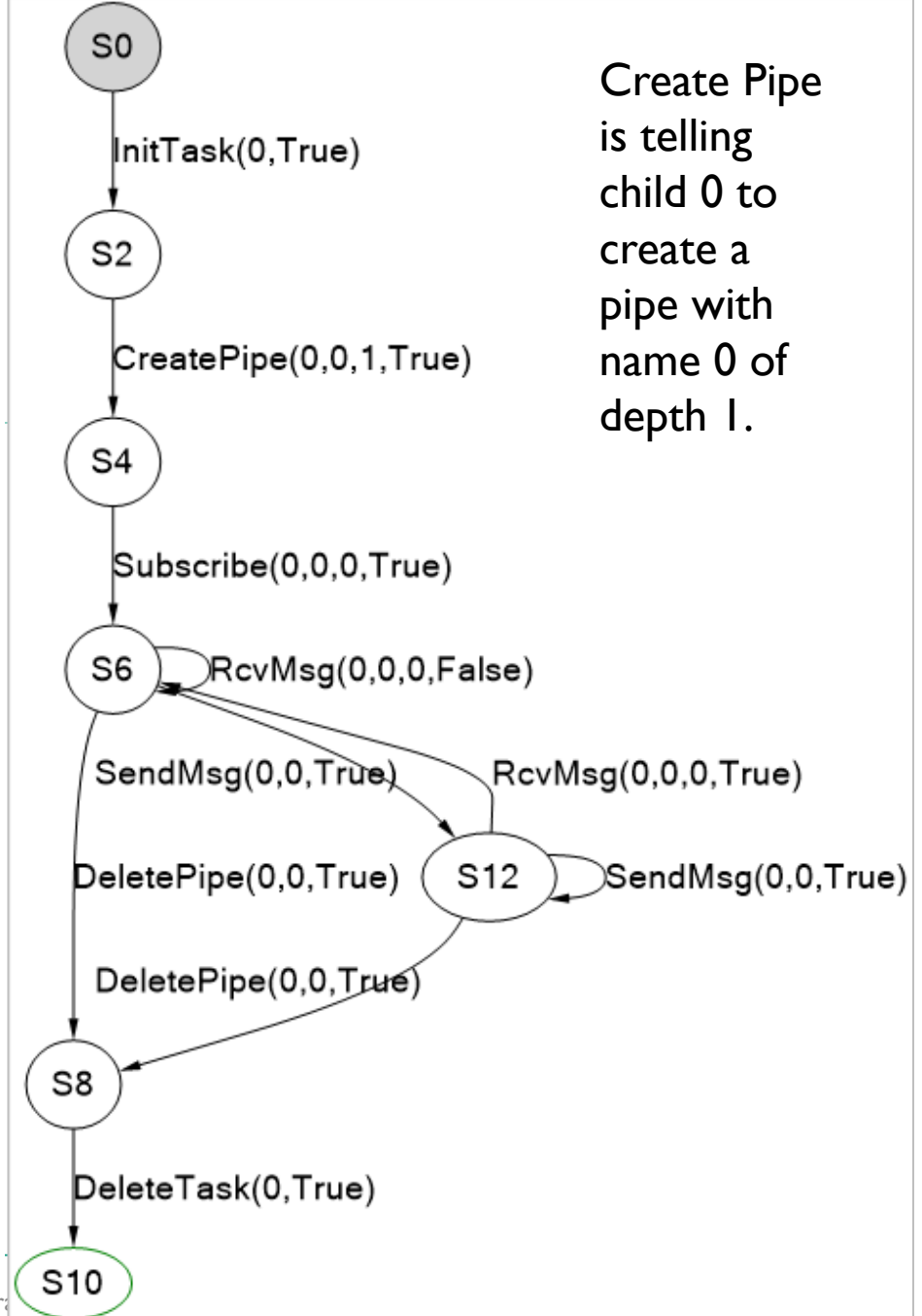
```
[Rule]
public static void SendMsg(int taskName, [Domain("MsgIdDomain")] int msgId, bool result)...
```

```
[Rule]
public static void RcvMsg(int taskName, [Domain("PipeNameDomain")] int pipeName,
    [Domain("MsgIdDomain")]int msgResult, bool result)...
```

```
#endregion
```

Generated from our model program

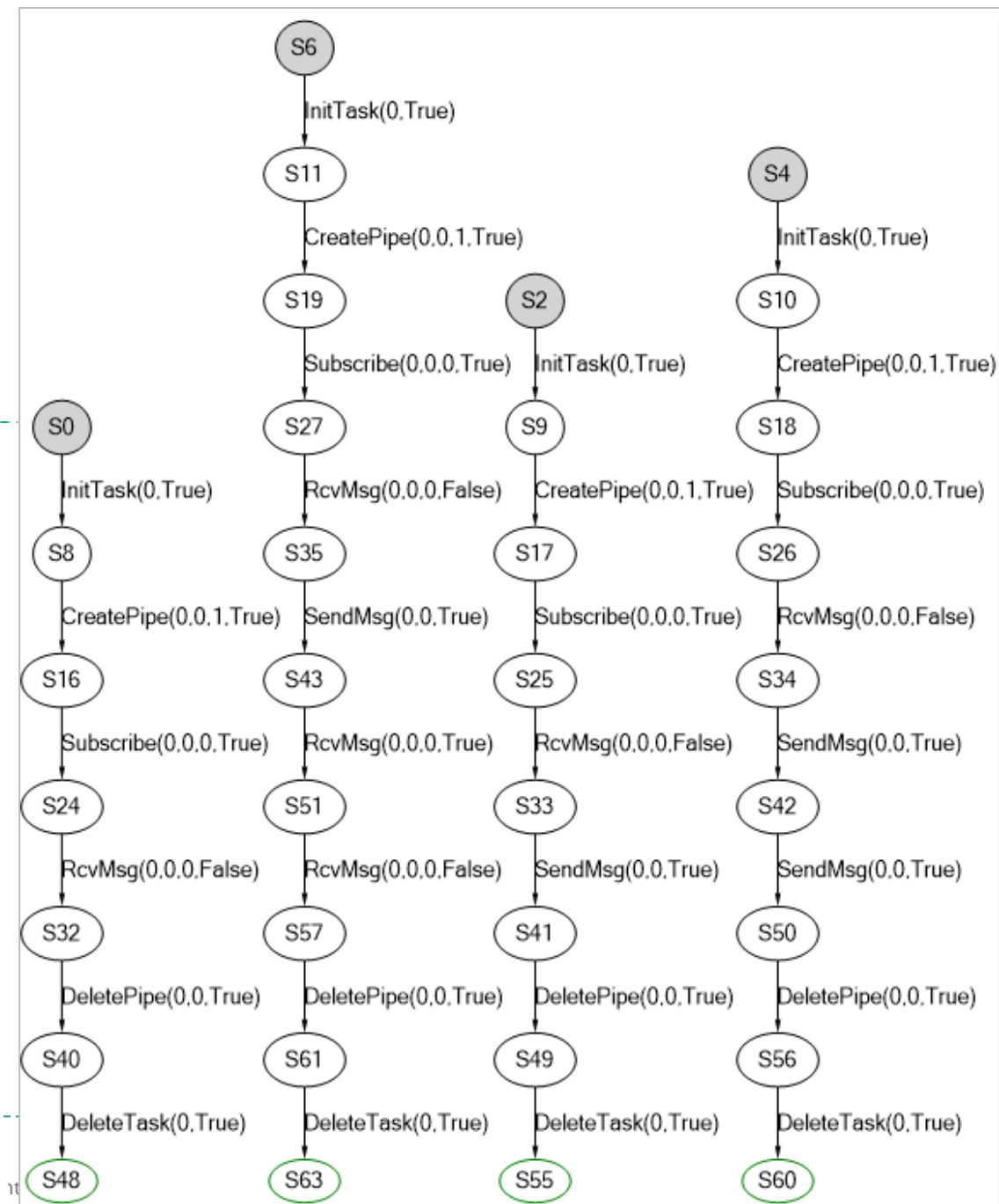
- ▶ Spec Explorer generates state machines from our model
- ▶ In regular MBT models are either manually created and/or derived from test cases (Fraunhofers tool FAST)



Generated test sequences - sample

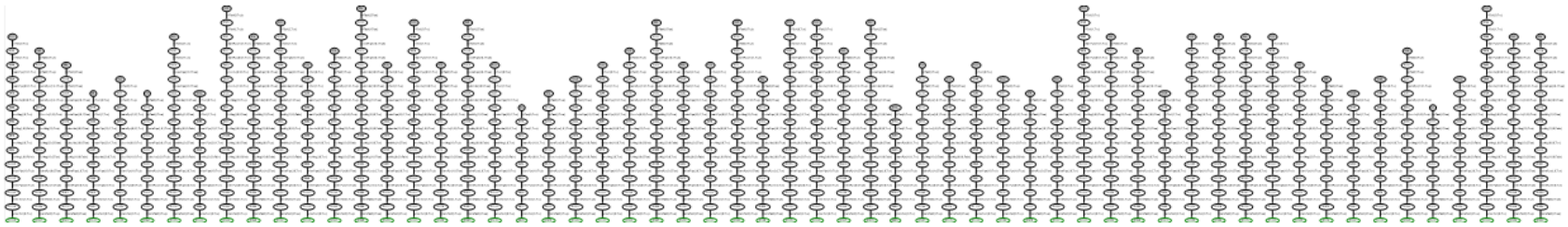
- ▶ Each chain is a test case
 - ▶ A Parent Application
 - ▶ Parent creates a child (id is 0 in InitTask)
- ▶ Also get test code
 - ▶ Adapter converts the test code to SUT syntax

▶ From C# to C

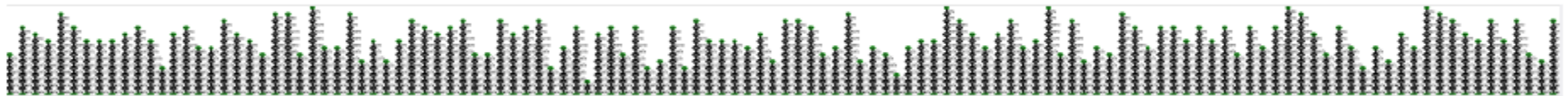


Generated test sequences - sample

▶ Two Child Tasks

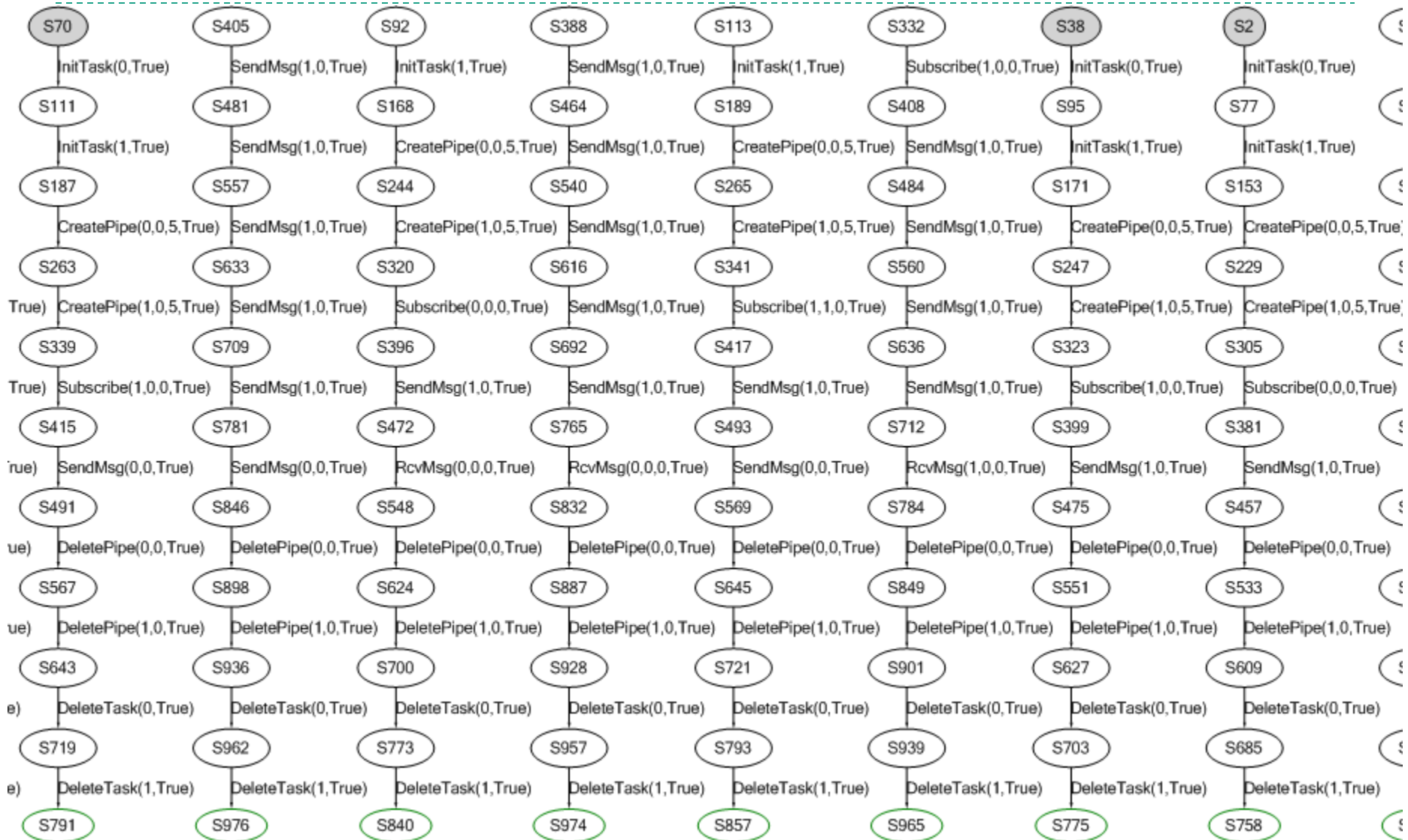


▶ Two Child Tasks and looser restrictions



Each test case (i.e. a parent) creates two child task and send different commands such as Publish, subscribe, unsubscribe, ReadMsg, etc.

Zoom-in



USA

Center for Experimental Software Engineering

Requirement tracability

```
-Entering InitTask_w, TaskName:0  
init task...  
-Exiting InitTask_w, TaskId:8, Status is:0  
Requirement checked: cES1311  
  
-Entering CreatePipe_w, TaskName:0, PipeName:0, PipeDepth:0  
create pipe...  
EVS Port1 66/1/CFE_SB 2: CreatePipeErr:Bad Input Arg:app=Test_CFE_SB.0,ptr=0xb741c267,depth=0,maxdepth=256  
-Exiting CreatePipe_w, Status:ca000003  
  
-Entering CreatePipe_w, TaskName:0, PipeName:0, PipeDepth:-1  
create pipe...  
EVS Port1 66/1/CFE_SB 2: CreateP  
-Exiting CreatePipe_w, Status:ca  
  
-Entering DeletePipe_w, TaskName  
delete pipe...  
EVS Port1 66/1/CFE_SB 46: Pipe D  
-Exiting DeletePipe_w, Status:ca  
  
-Entering CreatePipe_w, TaskName  
create pipe...  
-Exiting CreatePipe_w, Status:0  
Requirement checked: cSB4301
```

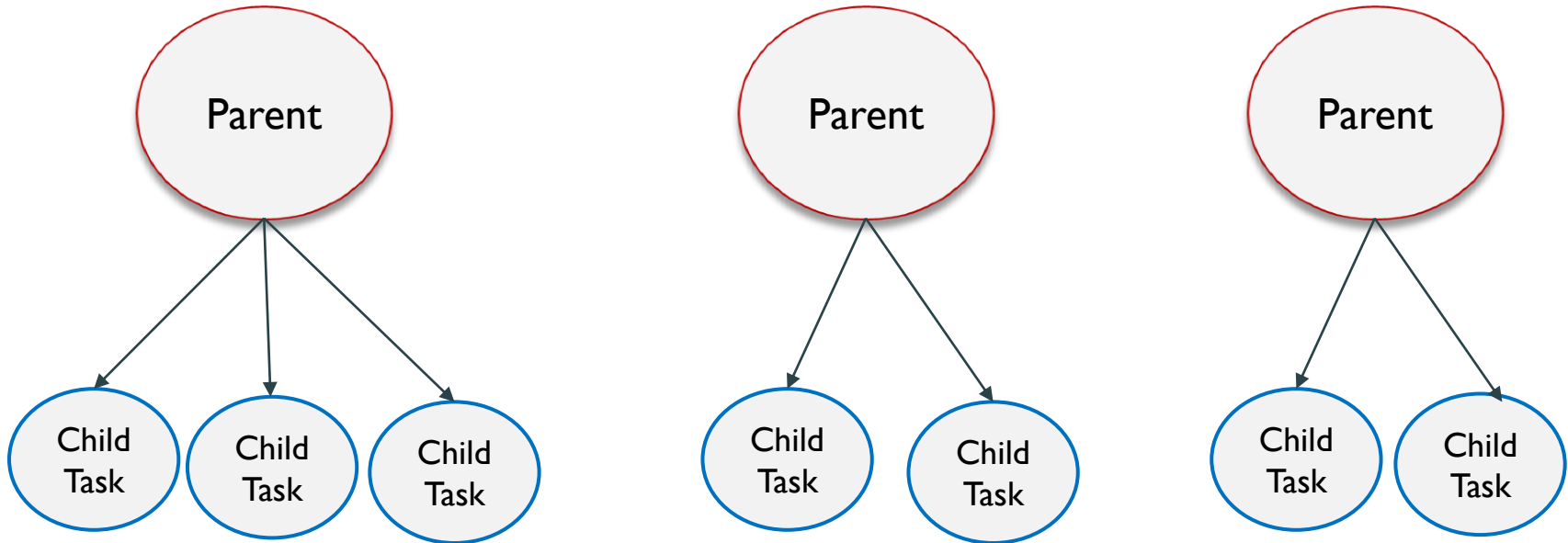
- ▶ Future work:
Create visualization



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```
TestCase Requirement  
PubSubTestSuiteS0 cES1311  
PubSubTestSuiteS0 cSB4305  
PubSubTestSuiteS0 cSB4301  
CreateDeleteTaskSuiteS0 cES1311.1  
CreateDeleteTaskSuiteS0 cES1312  
|
```

Cross running

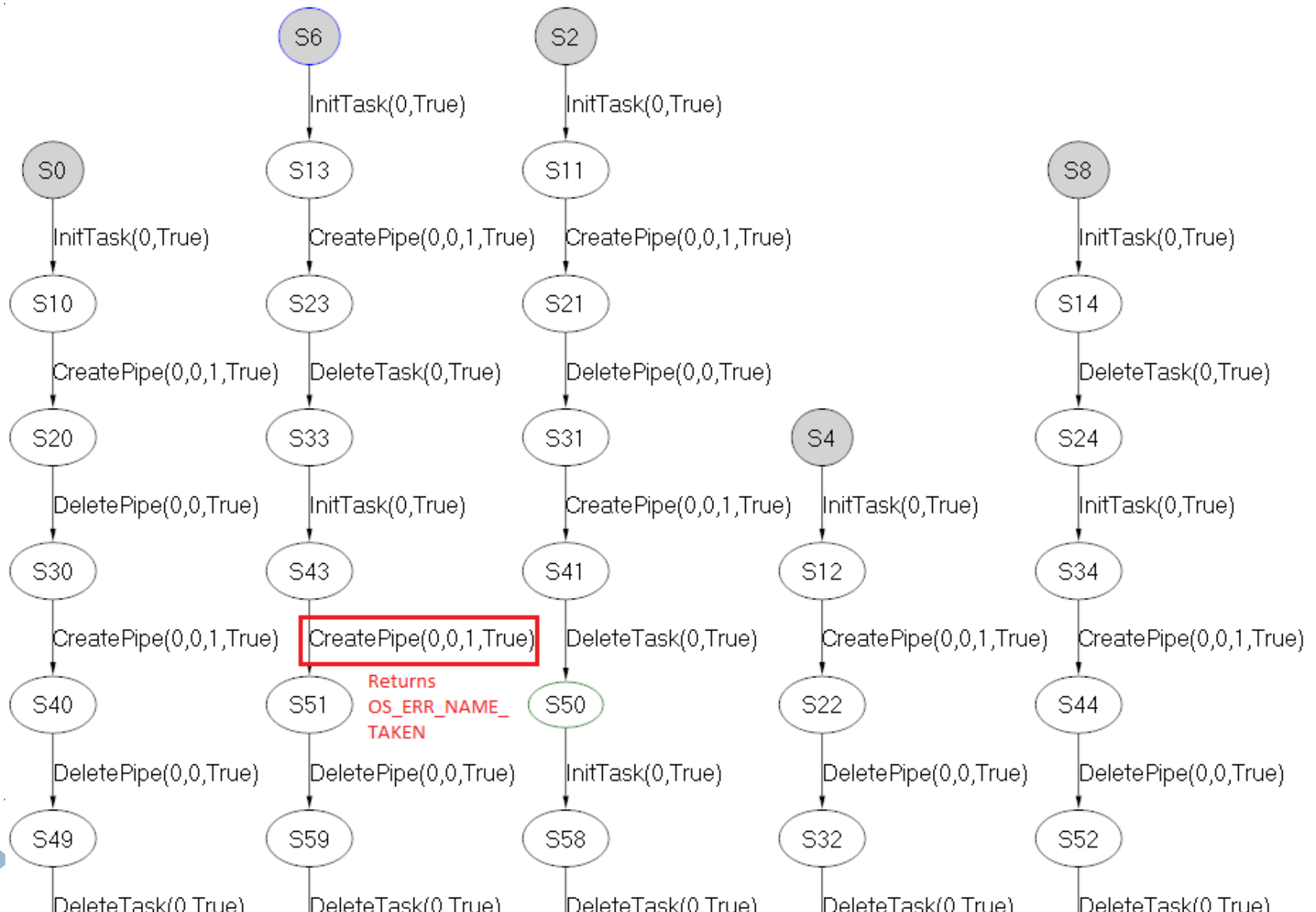


Allows for testing of more complex concurrency situations

Issues detected

- ▶ These issues were unknown to the CFS team
- ▶ Off-nominal behaviors
 - ▶ Trying to create an already existing pipe caused data corruption
- ▶ Cross running multiple Parent Applications
 - ▶ Method called to delete Child Tasks does not clean up the task data properly
 - ▶ Caused memory issue
- ▶ Requirement issues
 - ▶ Missing or/and unclear requirements
 - ▶ Off-nominal scenarios often not discussed
 - ▶ Duplicate requirements

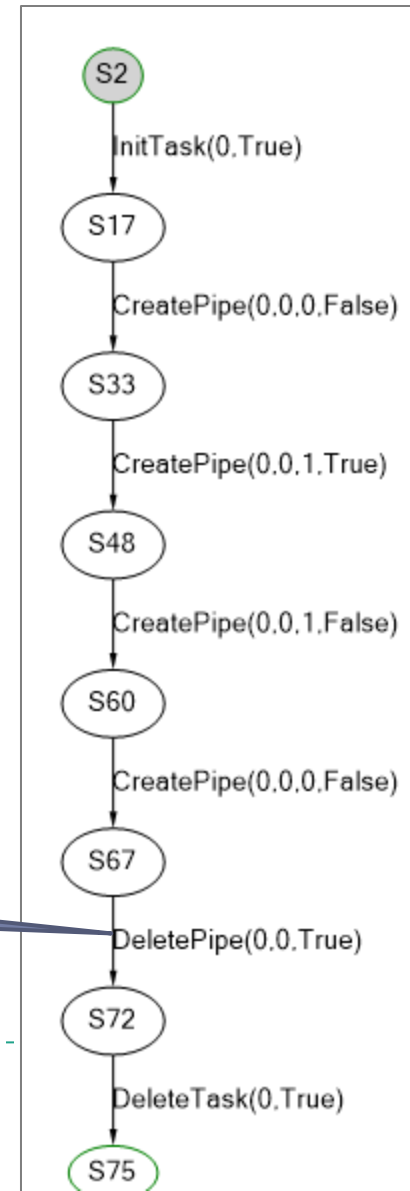
A sample issue detected



Another issue (sample)

- ▶ Off-nominal pipe creation
 - ▶ Found early
 - ▶ Trying to create an already existing pipe caused data corruption
 - ▶ Not accounted for in the SUT's code
 - ▶ Caused failures in later steps

Delete Pipe failed



Conclusion and future work

- ▶ MBT is promising
- ▶ Detecting off-nominal issues is the core of MBT
- ▶ MBT Helps in detecting
 - ▶ Missing requirements (we can improve requirements)
 - ▶ Functional errors in the SUT

Acknowledgements

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Contact:

- ▶ dganesan@fc-md.umd.edu
- ▶ mlindvall@fc-md.umd.edu